

Hindu and Muslim

Independence Day Celebration



governmental institutions, educational institutions, some of the private institutions all through the country. In the schools and colleges the national flag is hoisted by the school or college Principal and parade and cultural events are carried out by the students. At this day, government offices, buildings, etc gets adorned with the electric lights, flowers and other decorative things. Different sizes of the national flags are used by the people to symbolise faithfulness and commitment to the country.

Independence Day is celebrated all over the India as a National holiday of India. It is observed every year in every Indian states and union territories with great enthusiasm. President of India gives a speech every year in order to "Address to the Nation" on the evening of a day before the Independence Day. It is celebrated with big passion in the Capital of country on 15th of August where the prime minister of India hoists the Indian flag on the Red Fort, Delhi. After the flag hoisting, National Anthem song is sung and twenty-one gun shots are fired to salute and honour the Indian flag and solemn occasion.

There is a big risk of terrorist attacks while celebrating the Independence Day especially in the major cities like Delhi, Mumbai and Jammu and Kashmir. That's why no-fly zone is declared around the Red Fort to prevent aerial attacks. For more security reasons additional police forces are positioned all over the cities. Live broadcasting and webcasting is carried out by the media and government websites in order to provide live casting of the celebration of the event to the people

The prime minister of India highlights over all the achievements of past year, important social issues and solutions, further development in the country, educational matters, etc during his speech on the Independence Day after paying tribute to the freedom fighter and leaders of the Indian independence movement who had sacrificed their lives. A grand march past takes place by the Indian Armed Forces and paramilitary forces. The celebration of independence day takes place in different states of diverse cultural traditions where Chief Ministers of individual states hoist the national flag followed by various cultural activities by the participants. Flag hoisting, National Anthem song play and parade ceremonies including other cultural programmes takes place in almost all the governmental and non-

all over the country. It is also celebrated by the people with family members, friends and neighbours by going at dinner, picnic, park, garden, mall for shopping or seeing film, etc. Some people do flying or sing patriotic songs. At this day, kids of the home take a small flag in their hand and go outside by saying "jai Hind", "Jai Jawan or Jai Kisan" and other popular saying.



NATIONAL FLAG OF INDIA

INDIAN FLAG The National Flag of India is a national symbol designed in horizontal rectangular shape. It is designed using three colours such as deep saffron (top most), white (middle) and India green (lower most). The middle white colour contains navy blue Ashoka Chakra (means Wheel of Law) in the centre having 24 spokes in the wheel. The present form of the national flag was adopted in the meeting of Constituent Assembly on 22nd of July in 1947. The present Indian Flag was declared as the official flag by the authority of India. As Indian Flag contains three colours, it is also called as Tiranga. It is based on Swaraj flag (means flag of Indian National Congress, designed by Pingali Venkayya).

The national Flag Code of India governs the usage of Indian flag (with any other national or non-national flags) as well as laws related to the national emblems. The use of National flag is totally prohibited by the private citizens (except national days). However, on the request of Naveen Jindal (a private citizen) in 2002, the law has been altered for limited usage of flag by the Government of India (Union Cabinet of India) on the order of Supreme Court of India. It was again amended in 2005 for some additional use of flag.



MEANING AND SIGNIFICANCE OF INDIAN FLAG

The national flag of India is also known as Tricolour Flag means Tiranga as it contains tricolours. Indian flag is designed horizontally using three colour, wheel in the centre and Khadi cloth. The national flag was adopted on 22nd of July in 1947 in the wake of Indian independence from British rule. Indian Flag was designed and adopted as a symbol of the nationalism and freedom. Indian flag means a lot for us. It is our symbol of unity to lead us on one common way of Dharma even after being of different faiths and religions of Buddhism, Jainism, Hinduism, Islam and Sikhism. The tricolour and Ashoka Chakra (means Wheel of Law) of the Indian flag reveals some meanings which are as follows:

INFRA INDUSTRIES LIMITED. Financial Results for the Quarter Ended 30th June, 2019. Includes table with columns: Particulars, Quarter Ended 30.06.2019, Quarter Ended 30.06.2018, Year ended 31.03.2019.

CREATIVE PERIPHERALS AND DISTRIBUTION LIMITED. Financial Results for the Quarter Ended June 30, 2019. Includes table with columns: Sr. No., Particulars, Quarter Ended 30.06.2019, Quarter Ended 30.06.2018, Year ended 31.03.2019.

PAZEL INTERNATIONAL LIMITED. Extract of Unaudited Financial Results for the Quarter Ended June, 2019. Includes table with columns: Sr. No., Particulars, Quarter ended 30/06/2019, Quarter ended 31/03/2019, Quarter ended 30/06/2018.

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EAST WEST HOLDINGS LIMITED. Extract of Standalone & Consolidated Unaudited Financial Results for the Quarter ended June 30, 2019. Includes table with columns: PARTICULARS, STANDALONE, CONSOLIDATED.

PUBLIC NOTICE Notice is hereby given that MR. BALU SUDAM KARANDE is a owner of Shop No.11, Jay Neel Kamal ChS Ltd. Modi Patel Road, Bhayander (West) Dist.; Thane - 401 101. The Original Builder agreement and second sale agreement has been lost of the said shop. Any person/s having any claim shall file an objection in writing along with documentary evidence at 208, Shastrinagar-3A, Dr. Ambedkar Road, Bhayander (West) Dist. Thane 401101 within 14 days from the date of this notice, failing which it shall be assumed that no any person/s has any claim whatsoever on the said shop, of which please take a note. Poonam B. Talwar Advocate, High Court

FISCHER CHEMIC LIMITED. Extract of Standalone Unaudited Financial Results for the Quarter Ended June 30th, 2019. Includes table with columns: PARTICULARS, STANDALONE.

VEER ENERGY & INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED. Extract of Standalone Unaudited Financial Results for the Quarter Ended 30th June, 2019. Includes table with columns: Sr. No., PARTICULARS, Quarter ended 30-06-2019, Quarter ended 30-06-2018, Year ended 31-03-2019.

VEERHEALTH CARE LIMITED. Extract of Standalone Unaudited Financial Results for the Quarter Ended 30th June, 2019. Includes table with columns: Sr. No., PARTICULARS, Quarter ended 30-06-2019, Quarter ended 30-06-2018, Year ended 31-03-2019.

OMNITEX INDUSTRIES (INDIA) LIMITED. STATEMENT OF UNAUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER ENDED 30TH JUNE, 2019. Includes table with columns: Sr. No., Particulars, Quarter Ended, Year Ended.

